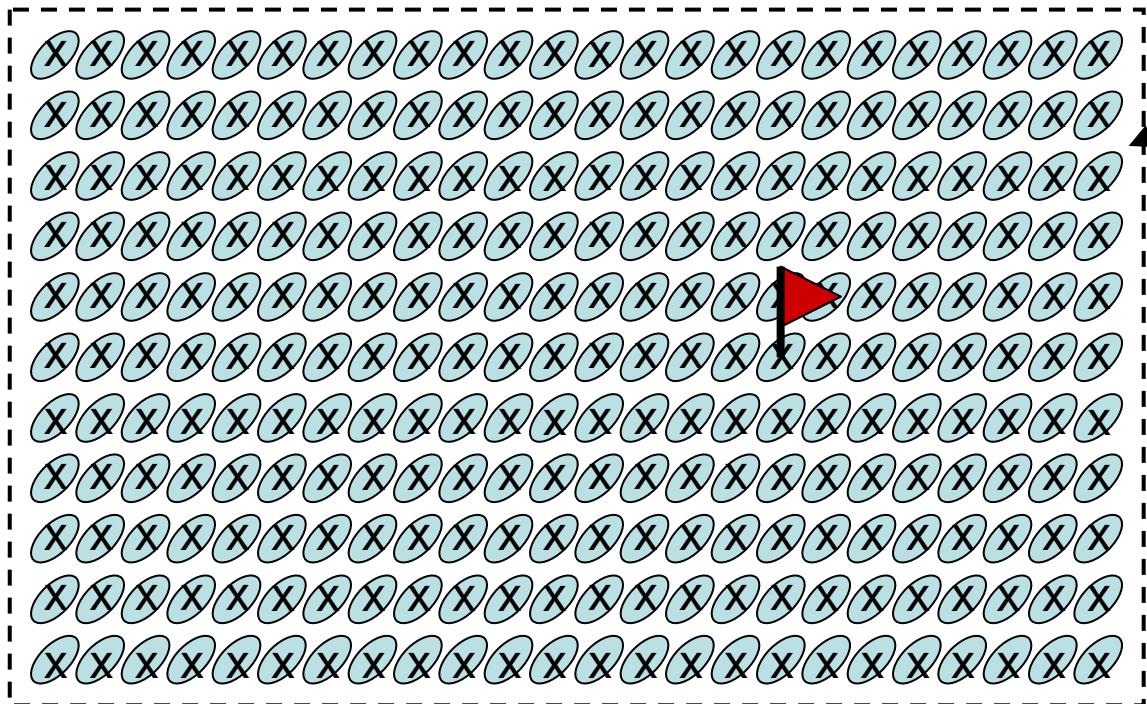


最尤法分子系統解析における heuristicな樹形探索の検討

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重点課題推進プログラム(08b-22)
網羅的樹形探索によるブートストラップ解析法の検討
(Study on bootstrap analyses by exhaustive tree search)
代表:橋本哲男(筑波大学大学院生命環境科学研究科)

Exhaustive tree search



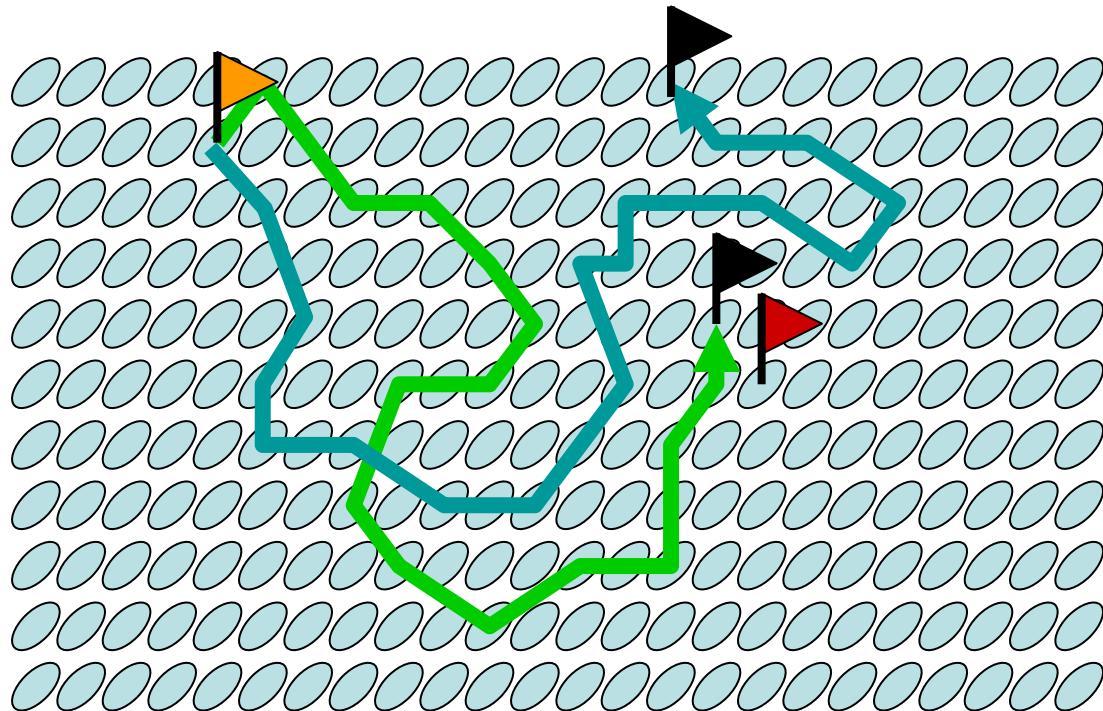
“Tree space”

▶ : ML tree

○ : A possible tree

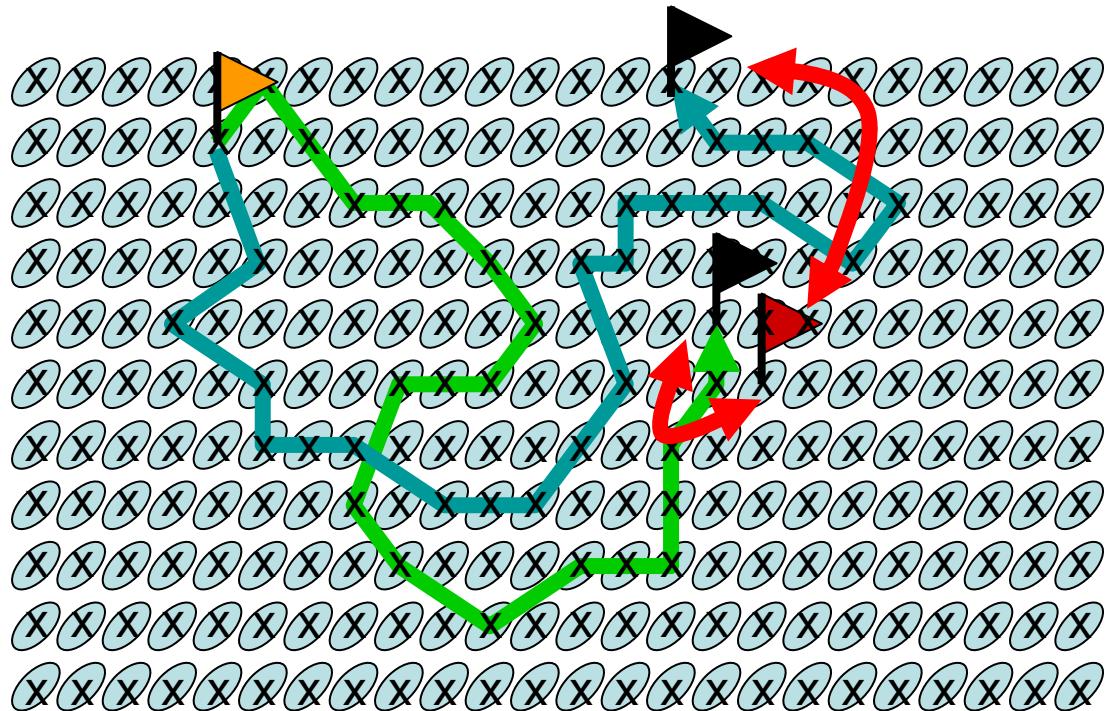
- Exhaustive tree search (ETS) scores all possible trees
 - Never miss the ML tree
 - Computationally very intensive

Heuristic tree search



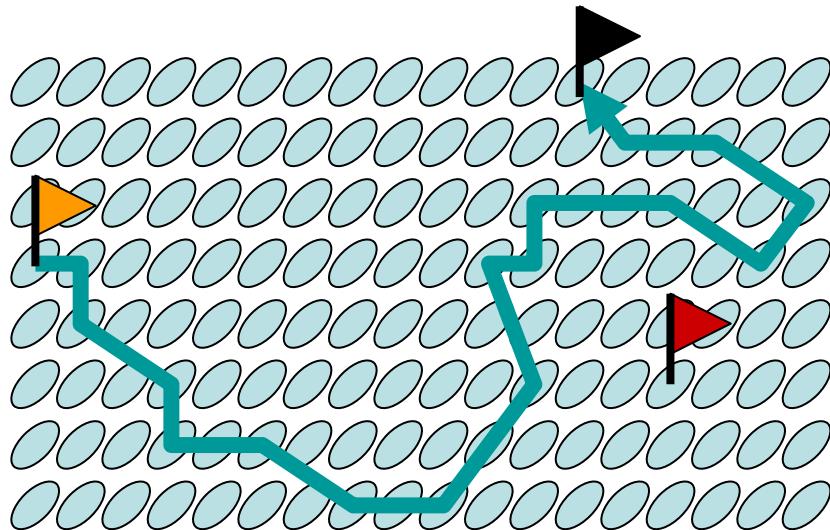
- HTS may *miss* the ML tree
 - Computationally *feasible*
 - The resultant tree could be an *artifact*
 - We usually don't know the ML tree

Motivation



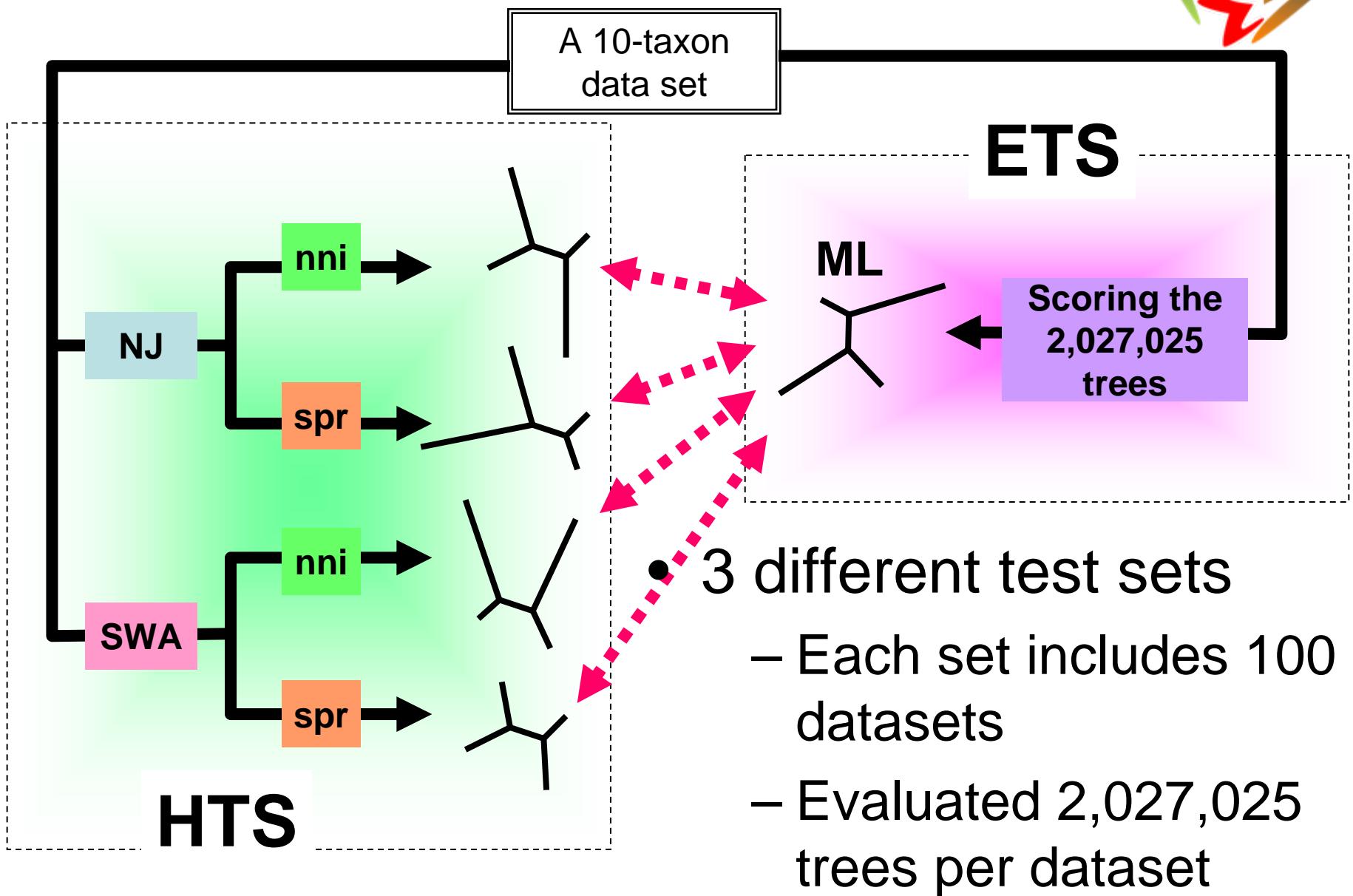
- Examine the efficiencies of HTS methods
 - Estimate the trees by HTS methods
 - Find the ML tree by the ETS method
 - Compare the ML tree and the “HTS” trees

Two parts in a HTS method



- Start tree
 - Neighbor-Joining (NJ)
 - Step-wise addition (SWA)
- Tree search
 - Nearest neighbor interchange (NNI)
 - Subtree Pruning & Regrafting (SPR)

Experimental design



Datasets

- “Mic” – including two long branches



The two LB are *not always* united in the ML tree

- “Arc” – including two long branch

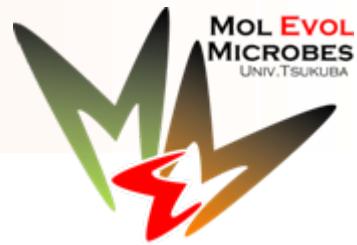


The two LB are *always* united in the ML tree

- “Sty” – including a single long branch

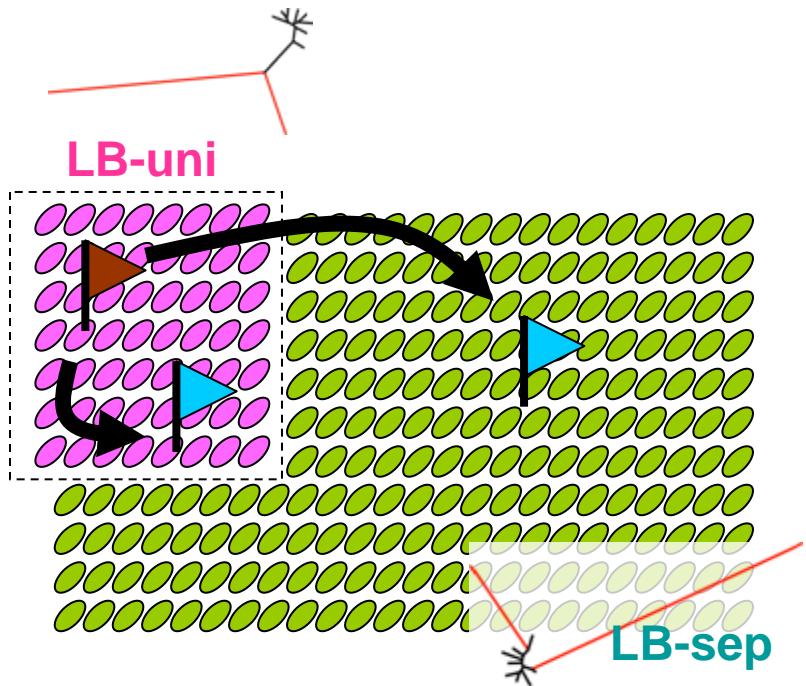


“Mic” – low efficiency



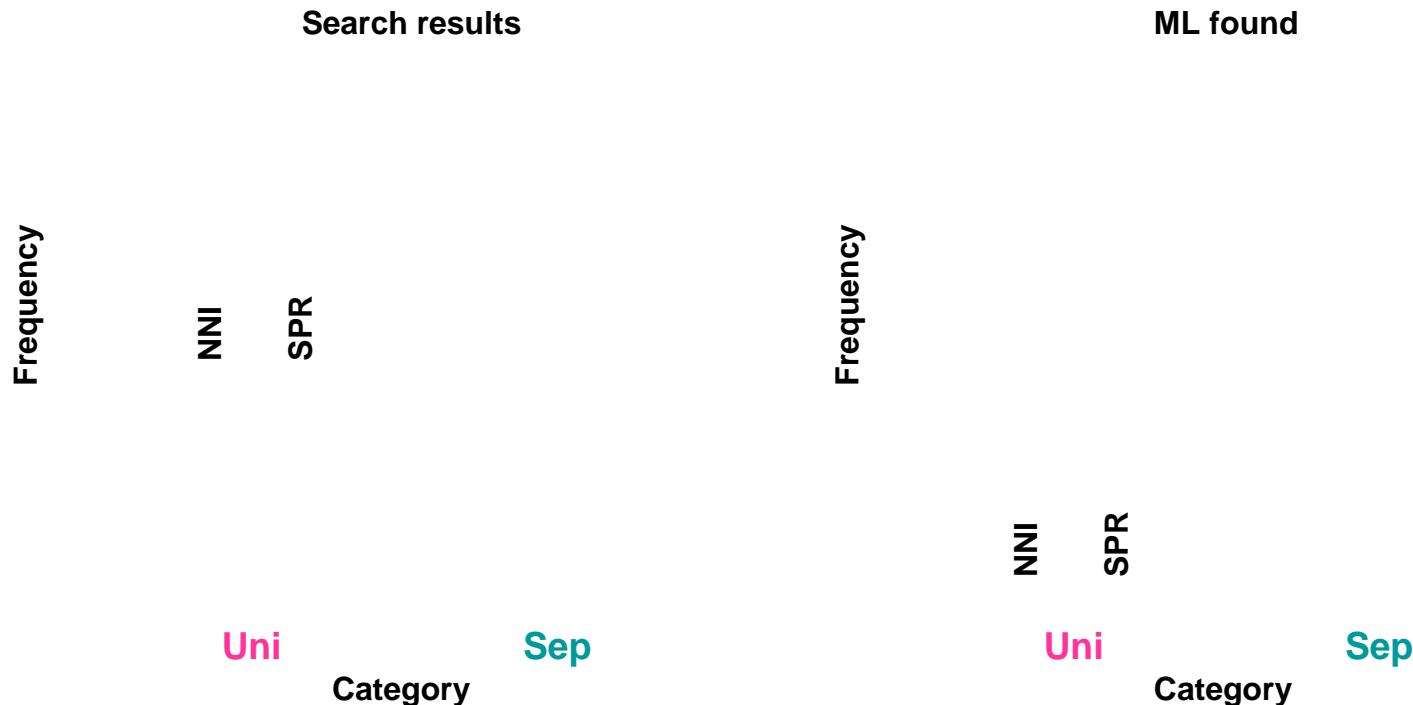
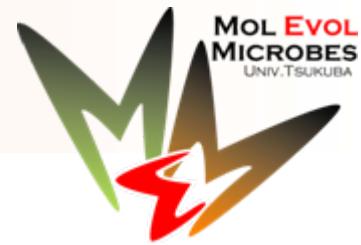
- Efficiencies are *unexpectedly* low
 - Start trees had a significant impact on the efficiency
 - NJ>SWA

Impact of start trees – NJ



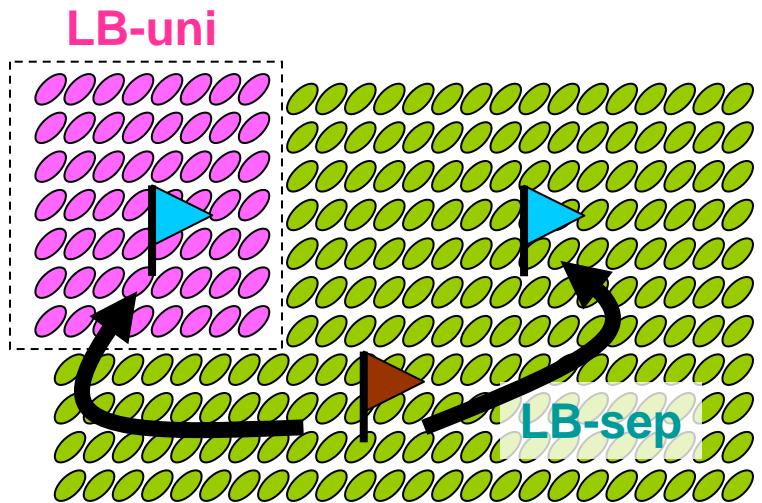
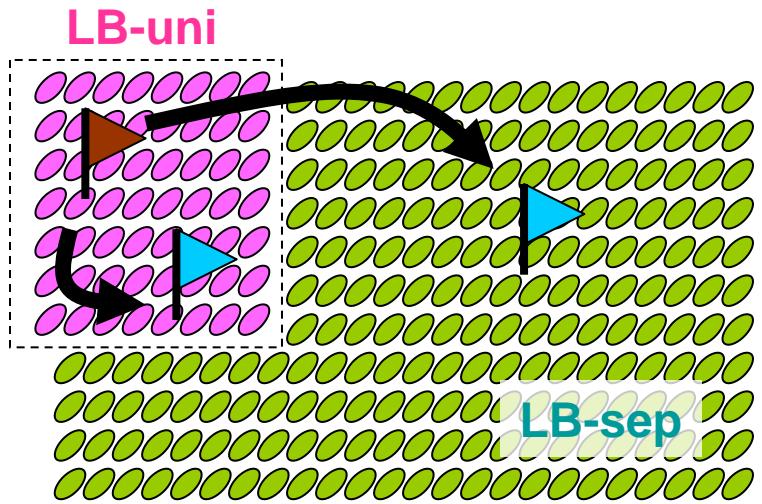
- Start trees are *all* LB-uni
- Search patterns required...
 - “Uni→Sep”; 32
 - “Uni→Uni”; 68

Impact of start trees – NJ



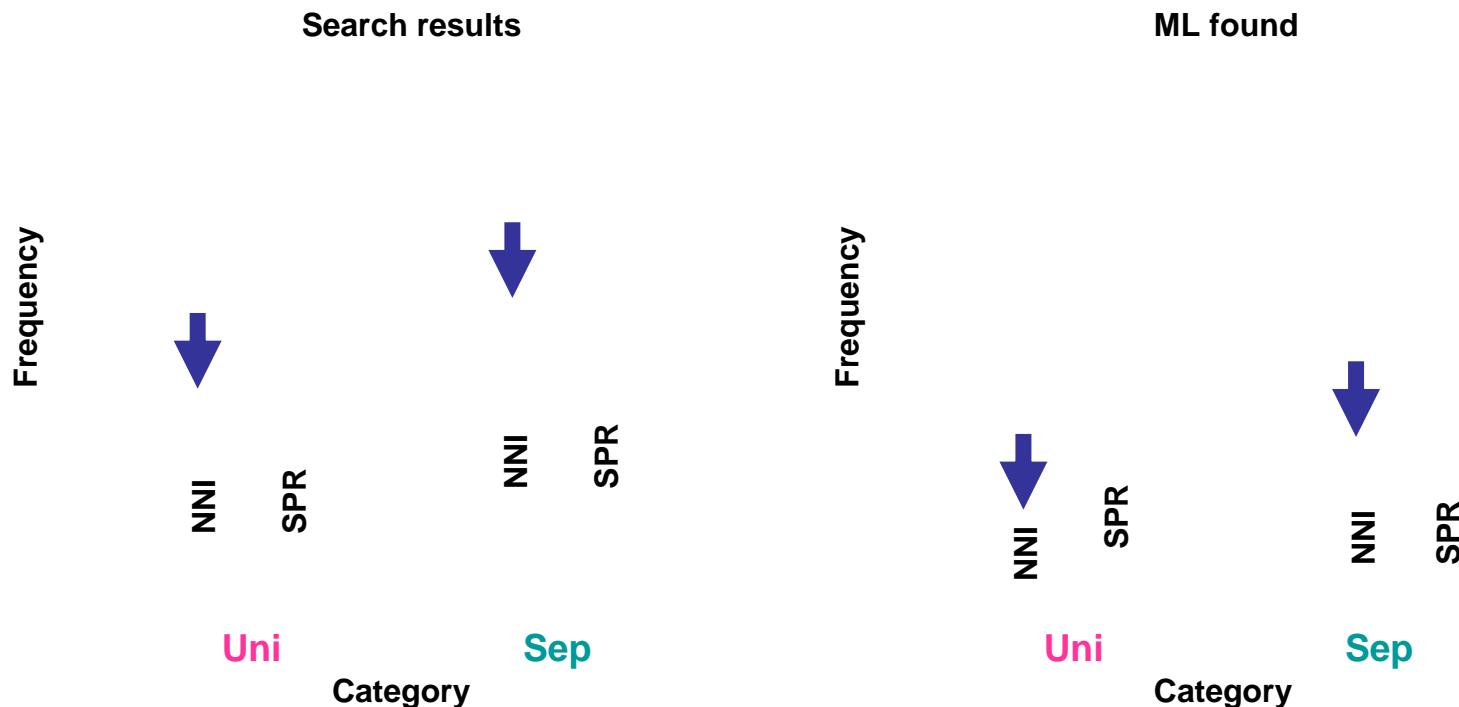
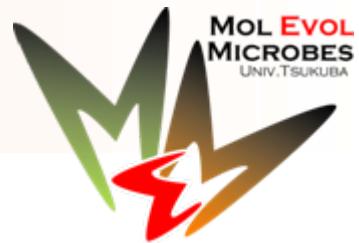
- NNI/SPR trees are *all* LB-uni
- No “Uni→Sep” search happened
 - NNI: “Uni→Uni” succeed only 27 times
 - SPR: “Uni→Uni” succeed only 33 times

Impact of start trees – SWA



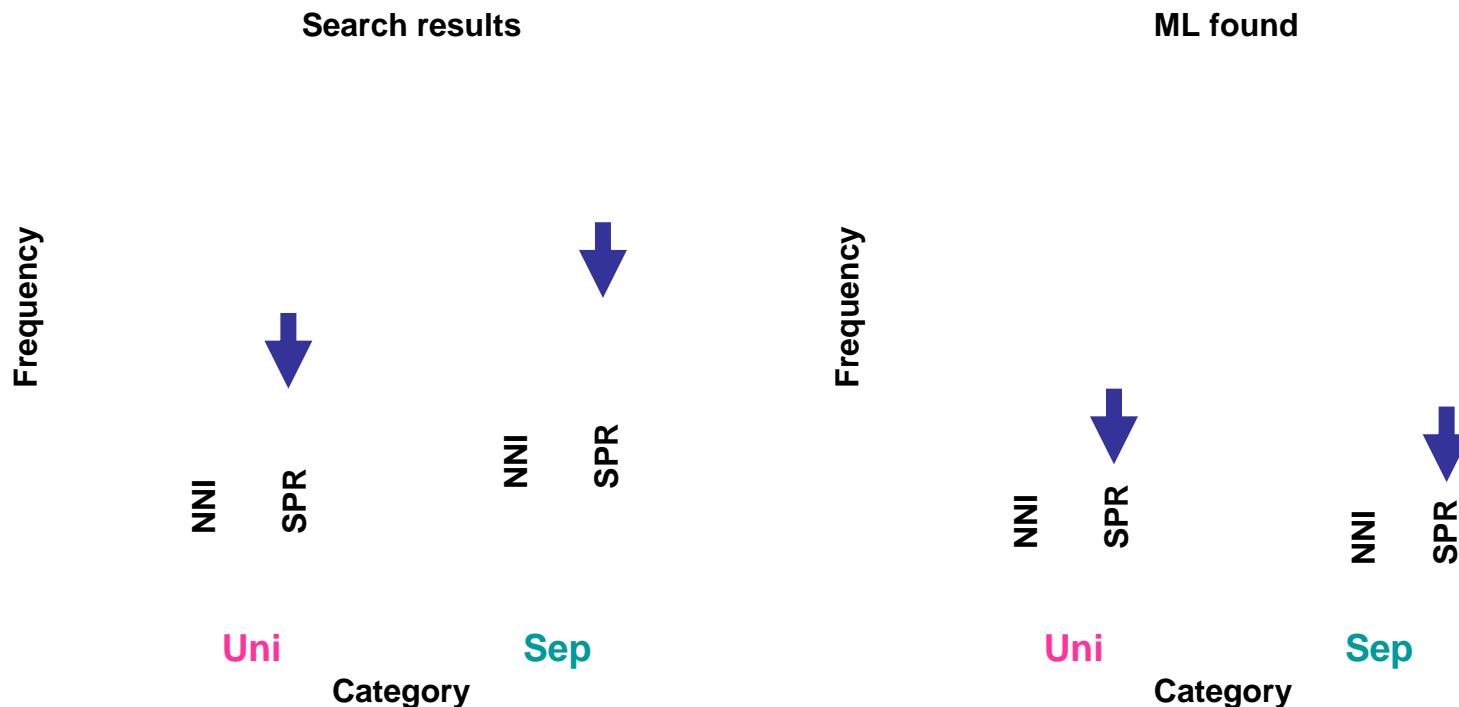
- Searches required...
 - “Uni→Sep”; 8
 - “Uni→Uni”; 24
 - “Sep→Sep”; 24
 - “Sep→Uni”; 44

Impact of start trees – SWA_nni



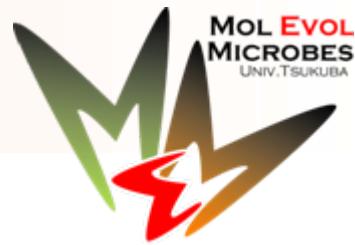
- “Uni↔Sep” search barely happened
 - “Uni→Uni” & “Sep→Sep”; 32 (3) & 60 (6)
 - “Uni→Sep”; 0 (0)
 - “Sep→Uni”; 8 (2)

Impact of start trees – SWA_spr



- “Uni↔Sep” search barely happened
 - “Uni→Uni” & “Sep→Sep”; 32 (6) & 58 (5)
 - “Uni→Sep”; 0 (0)
 - “Sep → Uni”; 10 (3)

Neither NNI or SPR are efficient



- NNI or SPR searches *limited* tree space
 - Uni→Sep or Sep→Uni barely observed
 - Start trees are important
 - To hit the ML^{uni} tree, you have to start from a **LB-uni** tree
 - To hit the ML^{sep} tree, you have to start from a **LB-sep** tree
- So, do we have to live with this?
 - No, increase start points
 - Improve search methods