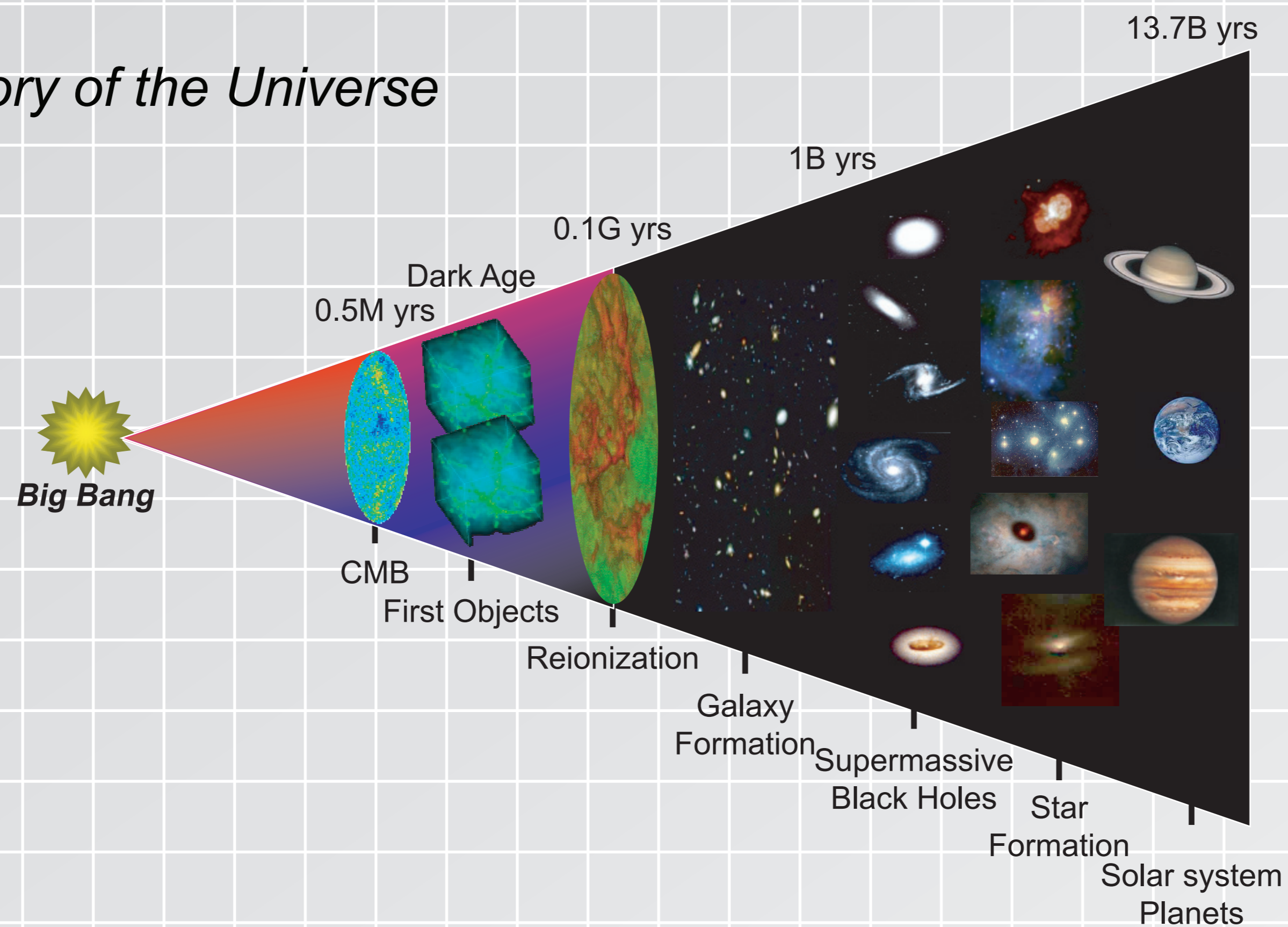




Computational Astrophysics

In the computational astrophysics group, we are exploring structure formation in the universe, concentrating on the coupling effects of radiation and matter. We have performed a wide variety of simulations of the cosmic structure, using a hybrid cosmo-simulator *FIRST* and a large-scale PC cluster, *T2K-Tsukuba*.

History of the Universe

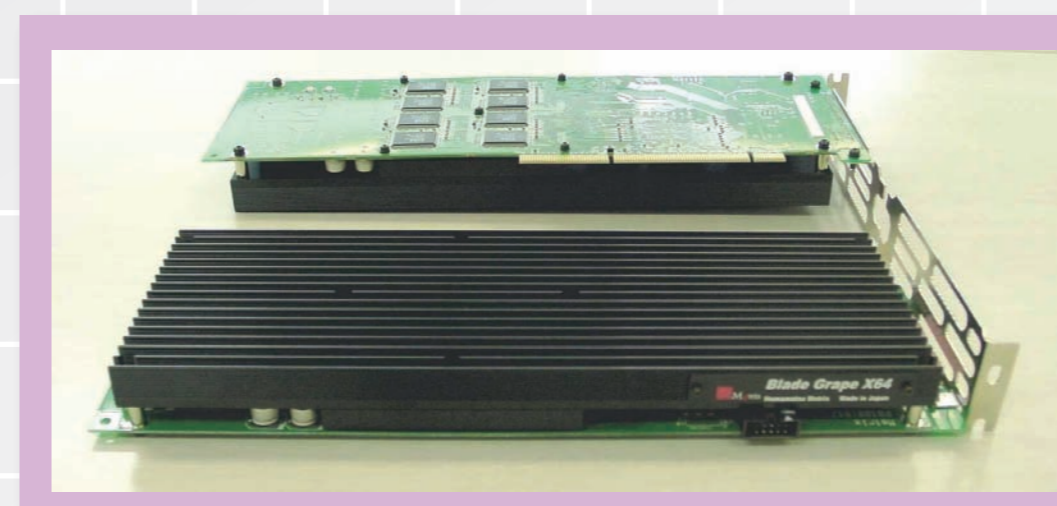


FIRST Project

FIRST simulator (256 nodes, 36.1 TFLOPS)



The simulator *FIRST* was constructed in collaboration with astrophysicists and computer scientists. The project is funded by a Specially Promoted Research in Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research since 2004 with a budget of JPY428 million (US\$4.7 million), approved by MEXT in Japan. *FIRST* is a new type of hybrid computer dedicated to astrophysical simulations.



Blade-GRape X64
(136.8 GFLOPS)

FIRST is a hybrid PC cluster, where a newly-developed board for gravity calculations, Blade-GRape X64, is embedded in each node using the PCI-X bus. The theoretical peak performance of Blade-GRape is 136.8 GFLOPS. Each board has 16 MB memory and can calculate the self-gravity of 260,000 particles simultaneously. Using Blade-GRapes, we have constructed a 256 node hybrid PC cluster system called the *FIRST* simulator. Each node of the cluster consists of a 2U-size rack-mounted PC (HP ProLiant DL380 G4) that has dual Xeon processors. The peak performance of the *FIRST* simulator is 36.1 TFLOPS, the PC cluster's peak performance is 3.1 TFLOPS and the Blade-GRapes are 33 TFLOPS. All nodes are connected uniformly with each other via multi-port Gbit ethernet interconnect switches. The total memory of the *FIRST* simulator is 1.6 TB. The simulator uses the *Gfarm* Grid file system, a commodity-based distributed file system, to federate the local disk of each node into a seamless file system. The total storage capacity is 89.2 TB.

The Blade-GRape boards were manufactured by the Hamamatsu Metrics Co. and the 2U servers were procured from Nihon Hewlett-Packard Co. Best-Systems Inc. and Sumi-Sho Computer Systems Co. also assisted in the development of the system.